Some Graphics About the Border and Migration

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Last updated April 29, 2021
Migration
Southwest Border Migrant Apprehensions

Source: U.S. Border Patrol

http://bit.ly/2K3gMyo
U.S.-Mexico Border Migrant Apprehensions, 1960-2020

Source: U.S. Border Patrol

The Proportion of Children and Families, Among Apprehended or Encountered Migrants

- **Children and Families**: 10%, 13%, 29%, 24%, 34%, 39%, 40%, 65%, 21%, 25%

- **Family Unit Members**
- **Unaccompanied Children**
- **Single Adults**

Source: CBP - http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ

WOLA - Advocacy for Human Rights in the Americas
Border Patrol Migrant Apprehensions and Encounters at the U.S.-Mexico Border, October 2011-March 2021

Source: [http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ](http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ)

Months of March denoted with pink arrows

- Single Adults
- Unaccompanied Children
- Family Unit Members

WOLA
Advocacy for Human Rights in the Americas
Migrants Apprehended and Not Immediately Expelled Under Title 42, October 2011-March 2021

- **Single Adults**
- **Unaccompanied Children**
- **Family Unit Members**

Months of March denoted with pink arrows

Source: [http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ](http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ)

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WOLA

Advocacy for Human Rights in the Americas
Unaccompanied Children and Families
Apprehended and Encountered at the U.S. Border

Title 42 Expulsions of Migrants Under COVID-19 Measures at the U.S.-Mexico Border

Total: 637,357

Between Ports of Entry

At Ports of Entry

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy
Title 42 Expulsions and Regular Apprehensions of All Migrants Encountered Between Ports of Entry Under COVID-19 Measures at the U.S.-Mexico Border

Expulsions and Apprehensions

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy

Expulsions of those encountered between POEs: 618,300

Expulsions and Apprehensions

Mar-20: Expelled 23%
Apr-20: Expelled 93%
May-20: Expelled 93%
Jun-20: Expelled 92%
Jul-20: Expelled 92%
Aug-20: Expelled 90%
Sep-20: Expelled 88%
Oct-20: Expelled 91%
Nov-20: Expelled 89%
Dec-20: Expelled 85%
Jan-21: Expelled 83%
Feb-21: Expelled 74%
Mar-21: Expelled 61%

Expulsions

Apprehensions

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy
Title 42 Expulsions and Regular Apprehensions of Unaccompanied Children Encountered Between Ports of Entry Under COVID-19 Measures at the U.S.-Mexico Border

November 18, 2020:
U.S. district judge blocks the Trump administration from expelling unaccompanied children

Expulsions

Apprehensions

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy

WOLA
Advocacy for Human Rights in the Americas

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy
Title 42 Expulsions and Regular Apprehensions of Family Unit Members Encountered Between Ports of Entry Under COVID-19 Measures at the U.S.-Mexico Border

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy
Title 42 Expulsions and Regular Apprehensions of Single Adults
Encountered Between Ports of Entry Under COVID-19 Measures at the U.S.-Mexico Border

Source: https://bit.ly/2IziQOy
Single Adult Migrant Encounters and Apprehensions at the U.S.-Mexico Border, October 2011-March 2021

Source: [http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ](http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ); [https://bit.ly/2UxKb7Z](https://bit.ly/2UxKb7Z);
All Border Patrol Apprehensions/Encounters by Country

March 2021: Mexico 35%, Honduras 25%, Guatemala 20%, Other Countries 14%, El Salvador 6%
Since April 2019: Mexico 43%, Honduras 20%, Guatemala 19%, Other Countries 11%, El Salvador 7%

Source: CBP - http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ
Single Adult Apprehensions/Encounters by Country

March 2021: Mexico 57%, Guatemala 14%, Other Countries 13%, Honduras 11%, El Salvador 4%

Source: CBP - http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ
Unaccompanied Minor Apprehensions/Encounters by Country

March 2021: Guatemala 47%, Honduras 31%, Mexico 12%, El Salvador 8%, Other Countries 1%

Source: CBP - http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ
March 2021: Honduras 47%, Guatemala 22%, Other Countries 20%, El Salvador 8%, Mexico 4%
Mexico’s Migrant Apprehensions

March 2021: Honduras 51%, Guatemala 36%, Other Countries 6%, El Salvador 7%
Since 2017: Honduras 42%, Guatemala 34%, Other Countries 13%, El Salvador 11%

Source: CBP - http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ

WOLA
Advocacy for Human Rights in the Americas

March 2021:
- Honduras 51%
- Guatemala 36%
- Other Countries 6%
- El Salvador 7%

Since 2017:
- Honduras 42%
- Guatemala 34%
- Other Countries 13%
- El Salvador 11%
Data since March 2020 do not appear to include CBP’s COVID-19 expulsions.

Migration Tends to Recover After Disruptions

Source: http://bit.ly/2mDr1fQ
Asylum Requests Made Before Mexican Authorities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>Requests</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>2013</td>
<td>1,296</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2014</td>
<td>2,137</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2015</td>
<td>3,424</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2016</td>
<td>8,796</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2017</td>
<td>14,619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2018</td>
<td>29,630</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2019</td>
<td>70,440</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2020</td>
<td>41,222</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2021 (Mar)</td>
<td>22,606</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Honduras

Sources: U.S. Customs and Border Protection http://bit.ly/2JXJkVm
Mexico Unidad de Política Migratoria http://bit.ly/1g0FRRo
All Other Countries

Sources: U.S. Customs and Border Protection http://bit.ly/2JXJkVm
Mexico Unidad de Política Migratoria http://bit.ly/1g0FRRo
Mexico (U.S. Apprehensions)

Sources: U.S. Customs and Border Protection http://bit.ly/2JXJkVm
Mexico Apprehensions of Nicaraguan Migrants

CBP's workload staffing model for ports of entry is part of a “three-pronged strategy that maximizes existing resources, identifies our staffing needs, and explores funding sources to support our staffing needs.” According to this model, to meet current staffing needs and to fully and adequately staff all ports of entry, **CBP needs to hire over 4,000 Port Officers.**

As of 2017, CBP estimated that it needed approximately $5 billion to meet infrastructure and technology requirements at about 167 land POEs.

Unaccompanied Children and Families Allowed to Present at Ports of Entry

All People Allowed to Present at Southwest Border Ports of Entry

7,805 Migrant Remains Found By Border Patrol in 22 years

Border Patrol Staffing
Migrant Apprehensions per Border Patrol Agent per Year, U.S.-Mexico Border, 1992-2019

Undifferentiated | Single Adults | Children and Families

Migrant Apprehensions Per Agent Per Year, By Border Patrol Sector, 2019


1992: 3,555
1993: 3,444
1994: 3,747
1995: 4,388
1996: 5,333
1997: 6,315
1998: 7,357
1999: 7,706
2000: 8,580
2001: 9,147
2002: 9,239
2003: 9,840
2004: 9,506
2005: 9,891
2006: 11,032
2007: 13,297
2008: 15,442
2009: 17,408
2010: 17,488
2011: 18,027
2012: 18,404
2013: 16,605
2014: 16,608
2015: 16,731
2016: 17,026
2017: 15,442
2018: 16,608
2019: 16,731

Judges / Courts
As of October 2020, the Justice Department’s Executive Office for Immigration Review had 520 immigration judges. The backlog was 2,428 cases per judge.
Alternatives To Detention

Daily Cost of Detaining a Family

- $318.76

Daily Cost of ICE Family Case Management Program (FCMP), which operated until the Trump administration ended it in 2017; 99 percent of families showed up for their court appearances.

Terrorism, “Spillover” Violence, and Drugs
NBC News reported Jan. 7: “U.S. Customs and Border Protection encountered only six immigrants at ports of entry on the U. S-Mexico border in the first half of fiscal year 2018 whose names were on a federal government list of known or suspected terrorists, according to CBP data provided to Congress in May 2018 and obtained by NBC News.”
## 2017 Violent Crime and Homicide Rates, U.S. Cities Over 100,000 Population Within 100 Miles of the U.S-Mexico Border

### Violent Crime (National Average: 382.9 / 100,000 Population)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Violent Crimes Per 100,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>55/298</td>
<td>Tucson, Arizona</td>
<td>801.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>127/298</td>
<td>Riverside, California</td>
<td>508.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>136/298</td>
<td>Santa Ana, California</td>
<td>488.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>161/298</td>
<td>El Cajon, California</td>
<td>410.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>168/298</td>
<td>Oceanside, California</td>
<td>392.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>172/298</td>
<td>Moreno Valley, California</td>
<td>384.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>174/298</td>
<td>El Paso, Texas</td>
<td>378.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>176/298</td>
<td>Escondido, California</td>
<td>376.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>179/298</td>
<td>San Diego, California</td>
<td>366.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>193/298</td>
<td>Garden Grove, California</td>
<td>343.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>197/298</td>
<td>Laredo, Texas</td>
<td>321.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>199/298</td>
<td>Costa Mesa, California</td>
<td>318.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203/298</td>
<td>Chula Vista, California</td>
<td>298.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>218/290*</td>
<td>Las Cruces, New Mexico*</td>
<td>262.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>220/298</td>
<td>Brownsville, Texas</td>
<td>257.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>231/298</td>
<td>Huntington Beach, California</td>
<td>227.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>236/298</td>
<td>Carlsbad, California</td>
<td>214.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>239/298</td>
<td>Fullerton, California</td>
<td>206.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>259/298</td>
<td>Orange, California</td>
<td>154.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>263/298</td>
<td>McAllen, Texas</td>
<td>144.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>268/298</td>
<td>Corona, California</td>
<td>131.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>279/298</td>
<td>Temecula, California</td>
<td>101.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>288/298</td>
<td>Murrieta, California</td>
<td>70.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>289/298</td>
<td>Irvine, California</td>
<td>61.2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Homicide (National Average: 5.3 / 100,000 Population)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>City</th>
<th>Homicides Per 100,000</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>103/298</td>
<td>Tucson, Arizona</td>
<td>8.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>132/298</td>
<td>Santa Ana, California</td>
<td>6.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>146/298</td>
<td>Oceanside, California</td>
<td>5.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>148/298</td>
<td>McAllen, Texas</td>
<td>4.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>164/298</td>
<td>Moreno Valley, California</td>
<td>4.3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>172/298</td>
<td>Laredo, Texas</td>
<td>3.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>178/298</td>
<td>Riverside, California</td>
<td>3.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>192/290*</td>
<td>Las Cruces, New Mexico*</td>
<td>2.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>200/298</td>
<td>Garden Grove, California</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>203/298</td>
<td>Orange, California</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>208/298</td>
<td>El Paso, Texas</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>210/298</td>
<td>Brownsville, Texas</td>
<td>2.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>219/298</td>
<td>San Diego, California</td>
<td>2.5</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>230/298</td>
<td>Escondido, California</td>
<td>2.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>253/298</td>
<td>Huntington Beach, California</td>
<td>1.0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>256/298</td>
<td>El Cajon, California</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>262/298</td>
<td>Murrieta, California</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>263/298</td>
<td>Costa Mesa, California</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>264/298</td>
<td>Temecula, California</td>
<td>0.9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>270/298</td>
<td>Chula Vista, California</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>272/298</td>
<td>Irvine, California</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>273/298</td>
<td>Fullerton, California</td>
<td>0.7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>276/298</td>
<td>Corona, California</td>
<td>0.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>278/298</td>
<td>Carlsbad, California</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Data from 2015 FBI Crime Report*
Border Heroin Seizures

All U.S. borders vs U.S.-Mexico border

Pounds


At the Ports of Entry Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

Border Cocaine Seizures

At the Ports of Entry

Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

According to CBP: “As of 10/01/2018, category includes both Methamphetamine and Crystal Methamphetamine.”

Border Fentanyl Seizures

All U.S. borders  U.S.-Mexico border

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Year</th>
<th>At the Ports of Entry</th>
<th>Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>FY2015</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2016</td>
<td></td>
<td>15%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2017</td>
<td></td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2018</td>
<td></td>
<td>20%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2019</td>
<td></td>
<td>9%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2020</td>
<td></td>
<td>17%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>FY2021</td>
<td></td>
<td>11%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Border Marijuana Seizures

At the Ports of Entry

Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

FY2012: 81%
FY2013: 84%
FY2014: 81%
FY2015: 72%
FY2016: 72%
FY2017: 70%
FY2018: 63%
FY2019: 51%
FY2020: 50%
FY2021: 55%

Monthly Border Heroin Seizures

At the Ports of Entry  Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

Pounds

Monthly Border Cocaine Seizures

Pounds


At the Ports of Entry  Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

Monthly Border Methamphetamine Seizures

Monthly Border Fentanyl Seizures

Pounds


At the Ports of Entry

Between the Ports of Entry (Border Patrol)

Monthly Border Marijuana Seizures